

Outline

Traditional Deer Management

Introduction to Quality Deer Management (QDM)

QDM in Tennessee

Antler restrictions

Limitations of antler restrictions

Using body characteristics to age bucks

Managing buck harvest with cameras

Traditional Harvest Management

Traditional deer management

- Harvest bucks, protect does
- Increases the population

Deer densities have reached social carrying capacity in many places.

Doe harvest can control population growth.

What is QDM?

Management philosophy Goal: Balanced, healthy herd within social and biological carrying capacity

- Improve sex ratio
- Improve age structure
- Improve hunting experience

Hunters, landowners, and managers all involved





What is QDM?

Liberal doe harvest

- Improves sex ratio
- Reduces pressure on habitat

Limit buck harvest to

- · Improves age structure
- Improves sex ratio

Improve habitat

- Natural browse
- Food Plots





What is QDM?

QDM is not trophy management!

No "cull bucks", only young or mature bucks

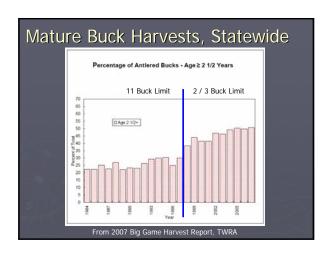
Larger antlers are not the goal, but often a side effect

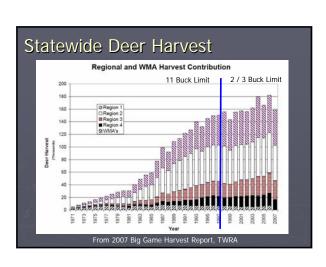


QDM in Tennessee

- In 1998, TN buck limit from 11 to 2, later raised back to 3, but no state antler regs
- Quota permits for does, then Unit L established – 3 does / day
- Certain WMAs establish antler restrictions
 2003 (point counts with spread restrictions)







Limiting the Buck Harvest

Harvest Restrictions

- Lower buck limit (2 3 vs. 11)
- Antler restrictions
 - Point counts (minimum 8 points)
 - Points and spread (4 on a side and outside ears)
 - Boone and Crockett gross score
 - Other antler characteristics

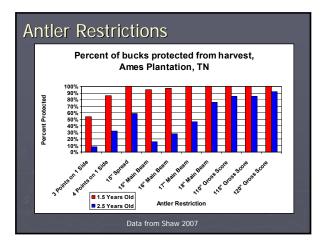
Antler Restrictions

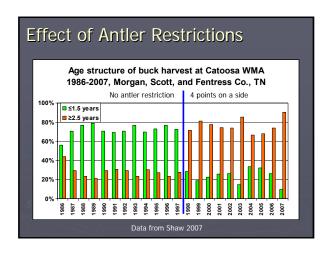
Antler size depends on

- Age
- Genetics
- Nutrition

Antler size by age class is highly variable, but increases (generally) with age

Some antler characteristics correlate better with age





Limitations

- Often not restrictive enough (Mississippi)
- "Top end" younger deer may be harvested
- Odd or broken antlers result in "illegal" mature deer
- Buck Fever!! and ground shrinkage

The solution? Use body characteristics as well as antlers.

Aging by body characteristics Neck thickness and jaw line Back and belly Muscle tone

Trail Cameras

Preseason camera scouting and census

- ID bucks by antlers
- Relative age by body
- Age mature bucks <u>before</u> the hunt, not through the scope
- Estimate doe numbers and set harvest goals



Conclusions

Antler restrictions protect young bucks.

Antler size is regional, manage likewise.

Use body cues to help determine age.

Liberal doe tags allow hunters to choose QDM.

Trigger control is the key!

Online Resources

Quality Deer Management – Guidelines for Implementation

www.utextension.utk.edu/publications/pbfiles/ob1643.pdf

Quality Deer Management Assoc.

<u>www.qdma.org</u>

Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency www.tnwildlife.org

