







## **Deadliest Game**

**Deer-vehicle collisions (DVCs)** 

- Danger to humans
  - > 1 million accidents
  - -> \$1 billion worth of property damage
  - > 200 human fatalities
- Danger to wildlife
  - fragmentation or isolation
  - alter the structure of a population

er et al. 1995, Forman and Alexander 1998

– fatality



Odocoileus virginianus





## Habitat Use

- Important information for AAFB
- See how deer are reacting to management
- Selection vs. avoidance – Potential roadside management implications



### Goal

Provide AAFB with information regarding deer behavior and ways to mitigate DVCs







## **Objectives**

- 1. Monitor and compare white-tailed deer reproductive efforts during pre-, peak, and post-rut periods
- 2. Investigate habitat use during fall/winter
- **3.** Evaluate habitat and transportation factors associated with DVCs

- Study Area Arnold Air Force Base & AEDC WMA
- 39,000 acres dominated by mature hardwood forests and loblolly pine plantations
- 70 miles SE of Nashville in Coffee and Franklin counties
- Eastern Highland Rim
   physiographic province
- Infrared Camera Survey 2010: ≈20 deer/mile<sup>2</sup>





- Viethods Monitor and compare white-tailed deer reproductive efforts during pre-, peak, and post-rut periods
- 2. Investigate habitat use during fall/winter
- Deployed 20 GPS collars (3/30/2010 7/20/2010) − 10 does, 10 mature bucks (≥2 yr old)
- Immobilization (UT-IACUC #1887) MKT mixture medetomidine (150 ug/kg) ketamine (1.5 mg/kg) telazol (1.0 mg/ml)
  - XT mixture xylazine (2.3 mg/kg) telazol (5.0 mg/kg)







# Methods – Objective #1

### The Rut

Home Range Tools – ArcGIS

- Identify and investigate "excursions" outside fixed kernel 90% fall/winter home ranges (HR)
- Compare HR and core area size and overlap during pre-, peak, and post-rut periods (30 location min.)



movement during these periods rt 1943, Girard et al. 2002, Rodgers et al. 2007

Evaluate intensity of

# Methods – Objective #2

- Habitat Use Design III Compositional Analysis (Aebischer et al. 1993) & AreGIS Rank vegetation types

- Vegetation Types Immature pine Mature pine Early succession Young hardwood Woodlands Mature hardwoods
- OpenAnthr
- Anthropogenic (excluded)



### s and Taylor 1990

# Methods – Objective #3

Factors impacting DVCs...2 sides to every story

- Why did the deer cross the road?
  - Habitat characteristics
    - presence of certain vegetation types
    - streams concealment distance
- Why it didn't make it
  - Transportation factors
    - traffic volume
    - traffic speed
    - road density
      lack of visibility
- Finder et al. 1999, Clevenger et al. 2003



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# Methods – Objective #3

### We know where...but WHY?

Logistic Regression (SAS, PROC LOGISTIC) & ArcGIS

- Test importance of variables in DVC locations
- Model presences vs. absences

0.8 robability (P) 0.2 0.0

Evaluate variables based on AIC weights

- Explanatory Variables Concealment distance Stream distance Roadside topography Adjacent habitat characteristics Traffic volume Traffic reword

- Traffic speed Road density

Hosmer and Lemeshow 1989, Finder et al. 1999, Clevenger et al. 2003







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## Questions???

Move the deer crossing to where there's less traffic

A lot of deer get hit by cars west of Crown Point on U.S. 231. There are too many cars to have the deer crossing here. The deer crossing sign needs to be moved to a road with less traffic. - TIM ABBOTT, CROWN POINT