


UV-B Radiation and its Effects on Amphibian Declines



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WFS 433

UV-B Radiation: What is it?

- One of three types of ultraviolet radiation (UV-A; UV-B; UV-C)
- UV-B – Only type particularly harmful to living organisms
- Levels have risen significantly over last few decades
 - ▶ Stratospheric Ozone Depletion
 - ▶ Clear-cutting and habitat destruction
- Most intense in summer months
- Damages DNA, causes cell death and mutations

Blaustein et. al. 2003

UV-B Radiation = Problem for Amphibians! When?

All Life Stages!







* Particularly detrimental to embryos

Blaustein et. al. 2003

UV-B Radiation = Problem for Amphibians! Why?

- ▶ Embryo:
 - ▶ No shell
 - ▶ Eggs usually laid in shallow water or near surface/terrestrial
- ▶ Larvae:
 - ▶ Thin, permeable skin
- ▶ Adult:
 - ▶ Thin, permeable skin



Source: eodtrend.org

UV-B Radiation = Problem for Amphibians! What Kind?

Complicated!

- ▶ Lethal effects
- ▶ Sub-lethal effects: Impaired growth, slowed development, hatching success, predation risk, malformations, altered behavior, retinal damage/blindness (Searle et. al; 2009)
- ▶ Species-specific (Romansic et. al; 2009)
- ▶ Vary with life stage (Romansic et. al; 2009)
- ▶ Vary with ecological context (Romansic et. al; 2009)
- ▶ Synergistic relationship
 - ▶ Interacts with pH, contaminants, disease (Blaustein et. al; 2003)

UV-B Radiation affects embryos:

UV-B radiation severely affects embryo development in the Mexican axolotl

Patricia Frias-Alvarez¹, J. Jaime Zúñiga-Vega^{1,*}, Gabriela Parra-Olea¹

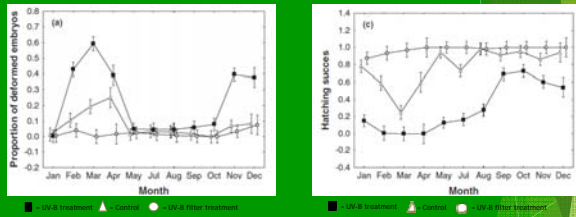
- *Ambystoma mexicanum*
- 60% decline
- Listed as Critically Endangered by IUCN
- Were exposed to 3 UV-B treatments:
 1. 99% of UV-B blocked
 2. Control
 3. Direct exposure to natural daylight (maximum natural UV-B Radiation that *A. mexicanum* might experience)



Source: nationalgeographic.com

Frias-Alvarez et. al; (2010)

UV-B Radiation affects embryos:



Friaz-Alvarez, et. al: 2010

* Without successful hatching or with high deformity rates, there is no recruitment of new individuals into a population!

UVB-Radiation affects larvae:

Experimental examination of the effects of ultraviolet-B radiation in combination with other stressors on frog larvae

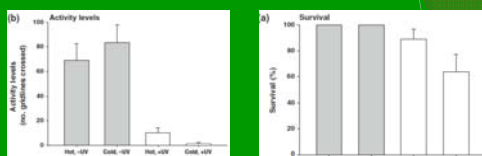
Catherine Laura Searle · Lisa K. Belden ·
Betsy A. Bancroft · Barbara A. Han · Lindsay M. Biggs ·
Andrew R. Blaustein

- *Rana cascadae*
- Important ecological role as larvae and adults
- Documented population declines
- Exposed to 2 levels of UV-B (Exposed and Shielded)
- Exposed to 2 temperatures (Hot and Cold)



Searle et. al: (2009)

UV-B Radiation affects larvae:



- Reduced Activity
 - Decreased feeding rates
 - Smaller size at metamorphosis
 - Inability to escape predators

* Cold temperatures – reduce a larva's ability to prevent UV-B damage because repair enzymes work faster at warm temperatures


Searle et. al: (2009)

UV-B Radiation affects adults:

Behavioral Avoidance of Ultraviolet-B Radiation by Two Species of Neotropical Poison-Dart Frogs

Barbara A. Han^{1,3}, Lee B. Kuhn², Rachel C. Pommerening², Ryan P. Finner², Marcia Murry-Ewers⁴, and Andrew R. Blaustein¹


D. pumilio



Source: memozoo.com

- *Dendrobates pumilio* and *D. auratus*
- No documented population declines
- *D. pumilio* considered among most abundant anuran species in lowland forests of Costa Rica
- *D. pumilio* – excellent parental care by both males and females
 - Transport tadpoles on their back to suitable locations
- Diurnal
- Perch in light gaps to maximize call effectiveness

D. auratus



Source: marietta.edu

Han et. al. (2007)

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Results:


- Both species spent significantly more time under the Mylar
- Randomly sampled sites received 6X the amount of UV-B as sites where *D. pumilio* were observed calling

Han et. al. (2007)


Putting it all together:

What does all of this mean?

UV-B Radiation is THE MOST important factor when considering amphibian declines!



- Directly and indirectly affects individuals and populations
- Lethal and sub-lethal effects
- Affects ALL LIFE STAGES!



Literature Cited:

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