

# Urbanization Overview Urban — of, pertaining to, or designating a city or town • Threatens over 1/3 of world's known amphibian species • Habitat loss, destruction, and isolation • Decrease in species richness, abundance

# Urbanization Overview Cont. Introduction of foreign pathogens Invasive comp. & predators Pollution, enormous loss of biomass \*\*\*88% of all threatened amphibians impacted by urbanization 21% of amphibians endangered Birds and small mammals – 10, 5% 23% "insufficient data" Estimated 1 in every 3 species listed under IUCN Red List

# **Habitat Loss and Destruction**

- Urbanization eliminates/fragments populations and habitat
- Migration limited/non-existent
- Generalist typically best-suited
- Ephemeral pond-breeding amphibians most impacted
  - Most susceptible to pollution, soil drainage, destruction Hamer et. al. 2008

	Area developed (%)*		Native species <sup>6</sup>			Introduced species <sup>a</sup>			
Simpune		DUTO	MYCA	acao	MYRE	CRAY	RACA	exectic flabes	
ang Ranch, north	0.00	x			x				
são Comado Carevon	0.00			X	x				
emescal Carryon	0.01	x			x				
ullivan Carryon	0.17				X			7	
ig Sycamore Caryon	0.26	x	x		X			1	
as Virgenes, north	0.70				×				
food Carrenn	0.71				×				
folla Carroon	0.75				x				
ustic Carron	1.45	x			X				
olstice Carryon	2.07	x	x		x			100	
old Creek, upper	2.55	x	x		x			1	
orral Camon	2.91			×	×				
crovo Sequit	5.58	x	X.		X				
amirez Canyon	3.46	x	×		X			1	
errano Carryon	5.99	-	x		×			-	
rancus Carryon	4.06	×	x		x	x		19	
eer Ceek	6.58		x		X			-	
artisle Carron	5.88	x	X	×	X X				
ioma Camron	6.69	x x x	X						
icwson Canyon	6.84	x	x		x				
una Canyon	6.89	x	x		X				
Decselvoro Canyon	7.68			x	X				
riunfo Carron	8.26			х	x	x	x	x x	
Md Topanga Carryon	9.42			X X	x			x	
ang Ranch, south	10.79			x	X			200	
opunga Carryon, Upper	11.51				X X X X X	x			
as Virgenes, south	12.28			×	x	x		x	
old Creek, Lower	12.54	x	X		×				
opanga Canyon, Lower	12.69	x	x	x	x			7.0	
ower Malibu Creek	14.95				X	×		x	
rises	16.37				x	x		x	
dserry Camyon	17.57				x				
fedes Creek, north	27.96			×	×	x		x	
indero Canyon	36.77				X	x		x	
dedes Creek, South	57.54			x	×	x		X	

# **Habitat Destruction Cont.**

### Problems with Artificial/Altered Habitats

- Many contain invasive fish
  - •Decrease in larval abundance
- Inappropriate hydrological regimes
- Substrate & velocity changes
  - (Barrett et. al. 2009)
- Contaminated run-off
  - fertilizers, sediment, pesticides, road surface grease and oil, heavy metals



### **Decrease in Species Richness**

- Only generalists thrive decrease in very complex niche-dependent system
- Potential collapse of ecosystem
- Carbon cycle collapse





### Pollution

- Primary anthropogenic factor of urbanization
- Amphibians greatly impacted osmoregulation
  - Lower survivorship; slower growth, and development rates (Hamer et.al.)
  - 100% mortality in some species (R. sylvatica)
  - •Truncated and missing limbs linked to pollution
  - One study (MN) showed 38 pesticides (30 herbicides, 4 fungicides, 3 insecticides, and 1 metabolite)

Taylor et. al. 2005

# **Introduction of Pathogens**

- Habitat stressors increase susceptibility
  - Other anthropogenic factors
- Pathogen Introduction
  - Introduction of exotics host reservoir
    - Batracochytrium dendrobatidis (chytrid)
    - Ranaviruses
    - Trematodes
    - Etc.

# <u>Overview</u>

Negative outcomes of urbanization and amphibian populations include:

- Decrease in diversity and abundance
- Stressors linked to greater susceptibility to pollution and disease
- 100% mortality rates
- Introduction of highly competitive invasives and non-natives

# Questions?