#### **Greentree Reservoir Management**



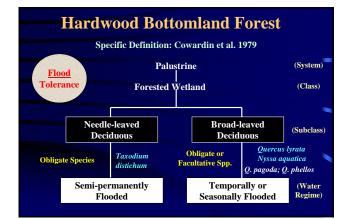
Matthew J. Gray University of Tennessee

#### Hardwood Bottomlands

**General Definition** 

Forested wetlands generally near a river that are periodically flooded during the dormant and growing season by overbank flow.

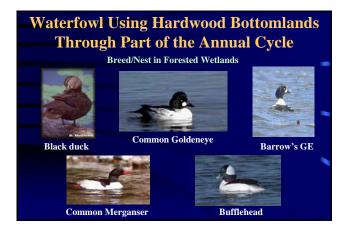


















Mallard







American Green-winged Teal

Northern Pintail

**Breed/Nest in Grasslands** 

# **Hardwood Bottomland Functions** for Waterfowl

•Shelter



(acorns, inverts, and moist-soil seeds)

•Foods

(climate, predator protection) •Courtship •Loafing, Resting

(seclusion)



# Hardwood Bottomland Foods



Aquatic Invertebrates





Other Important Functions of Hardwood Bottomlands				
Other Fish & Wildlife:				
•Neotropical Migrants ( <i>Emberizidae</i> ) •Herpetofauna (Snakes, Anurans, Salamanders, Turtles) •Mammals (Mink, Otter) •Fish (Catfish, bowfin) Spawning, Nursery Timber Production: CBO & WO •Valuable Hardwoods (i.e., red oaks) \$620/ha •Saw Timber or Veneer Logs (\$130/tbf)				
Environmental:	•Flood and Erosion Control •Nutrient Cycling •Groundwater Recharge			

# **Bottomline on Bottomlands**

Hardwood bottomlands are critical ecosystems that play an integral role in the function of many ecological and environmental processes!







# **Dynamic Hydrology of Hardwood Bottomlands**



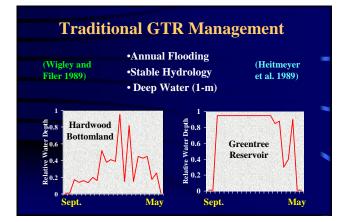


Day 1



Natural hydroperiod is characterized by stochastic and ephemeral flooding events







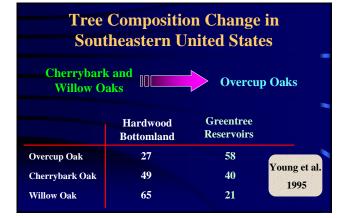


#### **Negative Effects of GTR Management**

- Decline in Waterfowl Use
- Decrease in Acorn Production
- Decrease in Radial Tree Growth
- Mortality of Trees and Reduced Regeneration
- Change in Overstory Trees Species Composition

Black Swamp Controversy in West Tennessee!

(Broadfoot and Williston 1973, Newling 1981, Malecki et al. 1983)



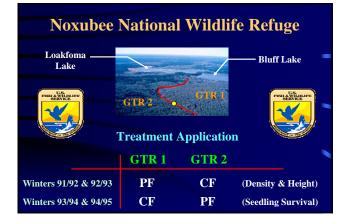




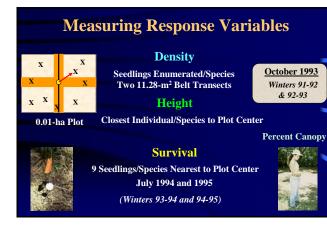
Acorn S	parison of Femal Selection of South wood Bottomland (Barras et al. 1996)	leastern
	Acorn Consumption (	<i>n</i> )
Cherrybark and Willow Oaks 14.73	77X	Nuttall Oak 0.19
Acorn Size (I	L x W [cm]) and Shell	Thickness (mm)
Cherrybark and Willow Oaks	43%	Nuttall Oak
1.19		1.70
0.39	13%	0.44

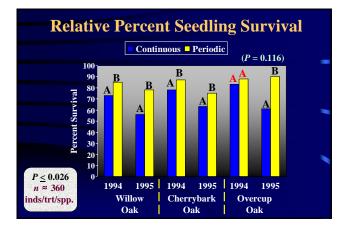




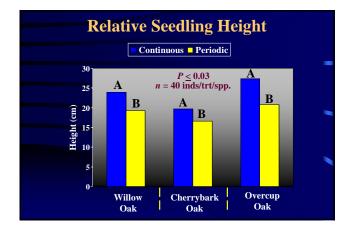





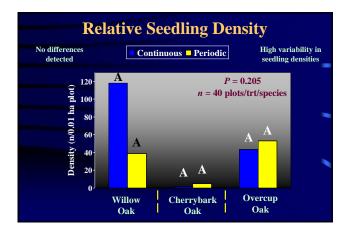












#### **Summary of Seedling Demography Results** and Management Recommendation

Flooding GTRs periodically during winter may increase seedling survival, but seedling density and growth height may not be benefited by this strategy

Managers may wish to flood GTRs periodically during winter to more closely emulate natural hydroperiods and enhance survival of desirable oak seedlings

### **Potential GTR Management Scheme** (Noxubee National Wildlife Refuge)



Wehrle et al. •Waterfowl Use 1995







