

Dr. V. Gregory Chinchar received his B.S. from the University of Notre Dame in 1972 and a Ph.D. from Indiana University (Bloomington, IN) in 1978. As a graduate student, he worked on projects involving non-human picornaviruses and somatic cell hybridization. From 1978–1981, he was a postdoctoral fellow at St. Jude Childrens' Research Hospital (Memphis, TN) where he examined transcriptional events in paramyxovirus- and rhabdovirus-infected cells. From 1981-1984, he worked as a research associate/assistant member on two projects: the generation and characterization of temperature-sensitive and drug-resistant mutants, and the development and characterization of monoclonal antibodies targeted to FV3 proteins.

In August 1984, he joined the Department of Microbiology at the University of Mississippi Medical Center (UMMC) as an assistant professor, and is currently a professor within the department and the associate dean of the School of Graduate Studies. His laboratory is interested in FV3 replication and is attempting to identify FV3 genes involved in viral replication and immune evasion using antisense morpholino oligonucleotides and siRNAs to knock down viral gene expression and determine function by changes in phenotype. In addition, he collaborates with members of the UMMC comparative immunology group in studies related to anti-viral defense mechanisms in catfish.



2011 JMIH Ranavirus Symposium **Sponsors**

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Gold = \$5000. Silver = \$2500. Bronze = <\$2500

SYMPOSIUM ORGANIZERS Matthew J. Gray, Ph.D.

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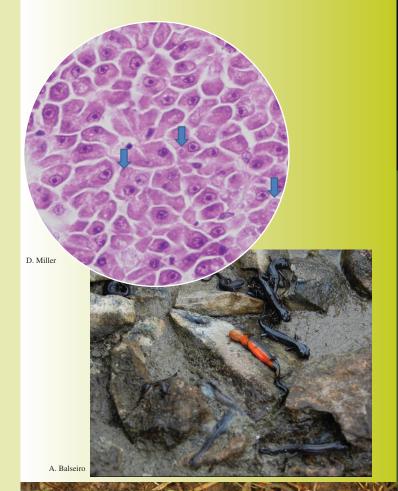
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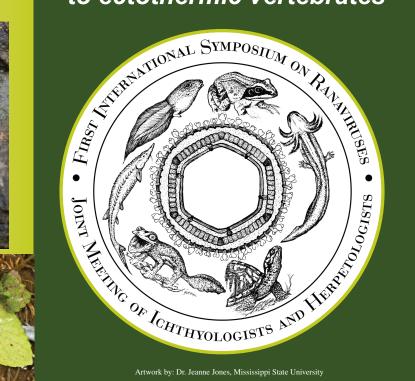
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Ranaviruses:

an emerging threat to ectothermic vertebrates



Artwork by: Dr. Jeanne Jones, Mississippi State University

Friday, 8 July 2011 Minneapolis, MN, USA

THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE UT INSTITUTE of AGRICULTURE

OVERVIEW Ranaviruses: An emerging threat to ectothermic vertebrates

The scientific community is increasingly aware that emerging infectious diseases pose a significant threat to global biodiversity. A group of viruses in the genus *Ranavirus* (Family Iridoviridae) cause disease in amphibians, reptiles and fish, and appear to be emerging in some populations. Ranavirus-associated die-offs in larval and adult amphibians have been documented in the Americas, Europe and Asia, with death rates often exceeding 90 percent during an outbreak. Ranavirus infections also have been reported in wild and cultured fish populations worldwide. While research on reptiles has been slower to accumulate, recent evidence suggests that ranaviruses are capable of causing morbidity and mortality in free-ranging populations.

Together, these widespread die-offs have sparked a diversity of research programs addressing the ecology and evolution of ranavirus-host interactions, potential reservoirs and transmission dynamics, molecular techniques for identifying and characterizing ranaviruses, immunological and histopathological responses to infection, hypothesized causes for emergence, and potential conservation strategies to control emergence.

In an attempt to bring scientists together from across the globe to learn and share information about ranaviruses, the organizers began planning in 2009 for the *First International Symposium on Ranaviruses*. In total, 24 scientists from nine countries are participating, with expertise in herpetology, ichthyology, ecology, veterinary medicine, immunology, genetics and molecular biology. We thank these individuals for their contributions. We also thank our 11 sponsors who provided >\$22,000 to help offset travel costs for our presenters. We hope you enjoy the symposium and that today's events generate new research directions and collaborations!

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2011 JOINT MEETING OF ICHTHYOLOGISTS AND HERPETOLOGISTS International Symposium on Ranaviruses Hilton, Minneapolis Ballroom F		10:45 a.m.	Weakness of Innate Immunity Also Contributes to Susceptibility of Xenopus Tadpoles to FV3 infection Jacques Robert (University of Rochester, USA)	2:45 p.m.	Isolation of Frog Virus 3 from Pallid Sturgeon Suggests an Interclass Host Shift Tom Waltzek (University of Florida,
•••	Minneapolis, MN, USA	11:00 a.m.	Complex Role of Macrophages in Xenopus		USA)**
8:00 a.m.	Welcome – Matt Gray		Immune Defenses and Persistence of the Ranavirus FV3	3:00 p.m.	BREAK
Moderator: Jason Hoverman		Jacques Robert (University of Rochester, USA)		Moderator: Debra Miller	
8:15 a.m.	Ranaviruses: Past, Present and Future Greg Chinchar (University of Mississippi, USA)	11:15 a.m.	Comparative Pathology of Ranavirus Infections in Wild Amphibians D. Earl Green (U. S. Geological Survey,	3:15 p.m.	Ranaviruses in European Reptiles Rachel Marschang (University of Hohenheim, Germany)**
8:45 a.m.	Are Ranaviruses Capable of Contributing to		USA)**	3:30 p.m.	Ranaviral Disease in Chelonians of North America
	Species Declines? Matt Gray (University of Tennessee, USA)	11:30 a.m.	Pathological Changes Observed in European Amphibians with Ranaviral Diseases		Matt Allender (University of Illinois, USA)**
9:00 a.m.	Amphibian Ranavirus Transmission and Persistence		Ana Balseiro (SERIDA, Spain)**	3:45 p.m.	Challenge Studies of Australian Native Reptiles with a Ranavirus Isolated from
	Jesse Brunner (Washington State University, USA)	11:45 a.m.	Comparative Pathology of Ranaviral Disease among Amphibians, Reptiles and Fish		Native Amphibian Ellen Ariel (James Cook University, Australia) (Matt Allender presenting)
9:15 a.m.	Amphibian Susceptibilities to the Emerging Amphibian Pathogen Ranavirus		Debra Miller (University of Tennessee, USA)**	4:00 p.m.	Assessing the Risk of Introducing Exotic Ranaviruses into Europe via Imports of
	Jason Hoverman (University of Colorado, USA)	Noon	LUNCH		Infected Ornamental Fish from Asia Britt Bang Jensen (Norwegian Veterinary
9:30 a.m. Ranaviruses and Amphibians: Outside		Moderator: Jesse Brunner			Institute, Norway)**
9:30 a.m.	the Box of Host-Parasite Relationships David Lesbarrères (Laurentian University, Canada)	1:30 p.m.	Amphibian Ranaviruses in Canada – Historical, Current and Future Research Directions Danna Schock (Keyano College, Canada)	4:15 p.m.	Amphibian Commerce and the Threat of Pathogen Pollution Angela Picco (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, USA)
9:45 a.m.	Effects of Pesticide Exposure on				
	Susceptibility to Ranavirus in Tiger Salamanders, Ambystoma tigrinum Jacob Kerby (University of South Dakota,	1:45 p.m.	Ranaviruses in European Amphibians Amanda Duffus (Gordon College, USA)	4:30 p.m.	FUTURE DIRECTIONS (Matt Gray, Summation and Additional Suggestions)
10:00 a.m.	USA) BREAK	2:00 p.m.	Current Understanding of Ranaviruses in South America Rolando Mazzoni (Universidade Federal de	4:45-5:30 p.m.	FUTURE DIRECTIONS (Working Groups) <i>Director's Row 2, 3 and 4</i> (A) Ecology (host-pathogen interactions)
Madayatayı A	ndvou. Ctarfor		Goiás, Brazil)**		(B) Conservation (stressors and pathoger
Moderator: A	ndrew Storier	2:15 p.m.	Emergence of Ranaviruses in Japan		pollution)
10:15 a.m.	Evidence for Multiple Recent Host Species Shifts among the Ranaviruses (Family	·	Yumi Une (Azabu University, Japan)**		(C) Pathology
	Iridoviridae) James Jancovich (Cal State San Marcos,	2:30 p.m.	Ranaviruses in Frogs and Fish in Southeast Asia		(D) Molecular Advancements (phylogeny, gene function, vaccines)
USA)			Somkiat Kanchanakhan (Aquatic Animal Health Research Institute, Thailand)	** Denotes Doctor of Veterinary Medicine	
10:30 a.m.	Host-Pathogen Coevolution: From Genes to Landscapes			Denotes Doct	or or votermary wedrome

Andrew Storfer (Washington State

University, USA)